## Key Features

95 dB SPL 1W / 1m average sensitivity
51 mm (2 in) Interleaved Sandwich Voice coil (ISV)
280 W AES power handling
External neodymium magnet assembly
Single Demodulating Ring (SDR) for lower distortion
Weather protected cone and plates for outdoor usage
Suitable for line arrays and compact two way systems

## General Description

The 8NMB420 neodymium transducer has been developed in response to a specific market requirement for a 8 " midbass driver that combines excellent linearity with good efficiency and high power handling capabilities.
8NMB420 is primarily intended for use as a midbass driver in compact 2-way or multiway reflex enclosures comprising line arrays. The parameters had been chosen to offer significant low frequency output in vented enclosure with size starting from 20 lit. with a tuning frequency around 60 Hz . The low pass filter might be positioned as high as $2000-2500 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Multiple 8NMB420 units might be used: the compact size reflects in the capability to have precise attack time. This characteristic makes it the ideal choice for stage monitoring and bass guitar amplification.
The extremely powerful external neodymium magnet assembly assures high flux concentration, low power compression and excellent heat exchange. The levels of force factor and power handling are, as a consequence, at the upper professional level with best power to weight ratio.
The exclusive dedicated double roll surround design offers enhanced linear travel and control, in order to reproduce precisely low frequency. The curvilinear paper cone is formed using a unique wood pulp composition designed to achieve the best possible rigidity and stiffness.
The 50 mm inside outside aluminum voice coil employs Interleaved Sandwich Voice coil (ISV) technology. It is composed by a high strength fiberglass former used to carry windings on both the outer and inner surfaces to achieve a mass balanced coil. This results in an extremely linear motor assembly which, in conjunction with the highly advanced design of the magnetic structure, provides a high force factor or BL. The voice coil is cooled incorporating airways between the chassis back plate and the magnet faceplate so that heated air is channeled away from the voice coil and gap and dissipated by the chassis basket.
Thanks to the increasing use during outdoor audio events, the ability to perform in humid environments is a key feature of the 8NMB420. This is achieved trough a proprietary humidity repellent cone treatment without a moving speaker mass increase.


## 022088N400 8ohm

 022086 N 400 16ohm 022084 N 4004 ohm

## 8NMB420

High Output Midbass Neo Transducer

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| NOMINAL DIAMETER | 200 mm (8 in) |
| :--- | :--- |
| RATED IMPEDANCE | 80 hm |
| AES POWER (1) | 280 W |
| PROGRAM POWER (2) | 400 W |
| PEAK POWER (3) | 800 W |
| SENSITIVITY (4) | 95 dB |
| FREQUENCY RANGE (5) | $60 \div 5500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| POWER COMPRESSION <br> @-10DB (6) | $0,8 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| POWER COMPRESSION @-3DB | $1,7 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| POWER COMPRESSION @FULL <br> POWER | $2,2 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| MAX RECOMM. FREQUENCY | 2500 Hz |
| RECOMM. ENCLOSURE VOLUME | $10 \div 40$ It. (0,35 $\div 1,41$ cuft) |
| MINIMUM IMPEDANCE | $5,90 \mathrm{hm}$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| MAX PEAK TO PEAK EXCURSION | $19 \mathrm{~mm}(0,7$ in) |
| VOICE COIL DIAMETER | $51 \mathrm{~mm}(2$ in) |
| VOICE COIL WINDING MATERIAL | aluminum |
| SUSPENSLON | M-roll, Polycotton |
| CONE | Curvilinear, Treated paper |

THIELE SMALL PARAMETERS (7)

| Fs | 61 Hz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Re | 50 hm |
| Sd | $0,022 \mathrm{sq.mt}. \mathrm{(34,1} \mathrm{sq.in)}$. |
| Qms | 4 |
| Qes | 0,31 |
| Qts | 0,28 |
| Vas | $33 \mathrm{It} .(1,2 \mathrm{cuft})$ |
| Mms | $14,9 \mathrm{gr}$. (0.033 lb) |
| BL | 10 Tm |
| Linear Mathematical Xmax (8) | $\pm 5,75 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{( } \pm 0,23 \mathrm{in})$ |
| Le (1kHz) | $0,35 \mathrm{mH}$ |
| Ref. Efficiency 1W@1m (half | $95,6 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| space) |  |

MOUNTING INFORMATIONS

| Overall diameter | $210 \mathrm{~mm}(8,3 \mathrm{in})$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| N. of mounting holes | 6 |
| Mounting holes diameter | $6 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{(0,23in)}$ |
| Bolt circle diameter | $195-198 \mathrm{~mm}(7,68-7,8 \mathrm{in})$ |
| Front mount baffle cutout $\varnothing$ | $186 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{(7,3in)}$ |
| Rear mount baffle cutout $\varnothing$ | $184 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{(7,2} \mathrm{in})$ |
| Total depth | $99 \mathrm{~mm}(3.9 \mathrm{in})$ |
| Flange and gasket thickness | $14,5 \mathrm{~mm}(0,6 \mathrm{in})$ |
| Net weight | $1,7 \mathrm{~kg}(3,7 \mathrm{lb})$ |
| Shipping weight | $2,0 \mathrm{~kg}(4,4 \mathrm{lb})$ |
| CardBoard Packaging <br> dimensions | $235 \times 235 \times 150 \mathrm{~mm}(9,25 \times 9,25 \times 5,91$ <br> in $)$ |

## NOTES

(1) AES power is determined according to AES2-1984 (r2003) standard
(2) Program power rating is measured in 25 lit enclosure tuned 65 Hz using a $60-2000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ band limited pink noise test signal with $50 \%$ duty cycle, applied for 2 hours.
(3) The peak power rating represents the maximum permitted instantaneous peak power level over a maximum period of 10 ms which will be withstood by the loudspeaker without damage. (4) Sensitivity represents the averaged value of acoustic output as measured on the forward central axis of cone, at distance 1 m from the baffle panel, when connected to $2,83 \mathrm{~V}$ sine wave test signal swept between 500 Hz and 2500 Hz with the test specimen mounted in the same enclosure as given for (1) above.
(5) Frequency range is given as the band of frequencies delineated by the lower and upper limits where the output level drops by 10 dB below the rated sensitivity in half space environment.
(6) Power compression represents the loss of sensitivity for the specified power, measured from $100-1000 \mathrm{~Hz}$, after a 5 min pink noise preconditioning test at the specified power.
(7) Thiele - Small parameters are measured after the test specimen has been conditioned by 280 W AES power and represent the expected long term parameters after a short period of use. (8) Linear Math. Xmax is calculated as $(\mathrm{Hvc}-\mathrm{Hg}) / 2+\mathrm{Hg} / 4$ where Hvc is the coil depth and Hg is the gap depth.

